‘Healthcare Professional Guidance Document’

on Training and Support for Nyxoid® (naloxone)

Purpose of the Healthcare Professional (HCP) Guidance Document

To provide brief information for HCPs on Nyxoid (naloxone nasal spray solution)

To help HCPs support take-home naloxone initiatives, by training patients at risk of overdosing on opioids, and their family or friends (‘carers’) if available, in the use of Nyxoid nasal spray.

For more information
Visit www.nyxoid.com

There are a number of educational materials provided to support training on use of the product, through this guide and a video, as well as information available in the product pack. These are listed below:

Nyxoid educational materials available:

1 HCP Guidance Document (this document):

A guide for HCPs on Training and Support for Nyxoid comprising:

- Information for Healthcare Professionals

2 Patient Information Card:

- This Patient Information Card can be downloaded and shared with the patient/carer for ongoing reference
- This Patient Information Card provides information for patients and carers on Nyxoid nasal spray and how to use it in emergency situations of opioid overdose
- This Patient Information Card also has a **QR code** providing access to further information and educational material via smartphone

3 On-line access point (website) showing:

- Video film showing what to do in case of a suspected opioid overdose
- Downloadable copies of HCP guidance document and Patient Information Card
- Contact details for further information and support

Other information on Nyxoid and how to use:

A NYXOID PACK consists of:

- A **carton** containing two nasal sprays. A second spray is included to give a further dose of naloxone if necessary
- Each nasal spray is sealed individually in a blister pack
- A **Quick Start Guide** is printed on the back of the blister pack with pictograms showing how to use Nyxoid
- A **Patient Information Leaflet** with information about the product and stepwise instructions for use

Introduction for HCPs:

Each Nyxoid single-dose nasal spray contains 1.8 mg of naloxone (as hydrochloride) in a 0.1 ml solution. It is intended for immediate administration as emergency therapy for known or suspected opioid overdose as manifested by respiratory and/or central nervous system depression in both non-medical and healthcare settings. Nyxoid is indicated in adults and adolescents aged 14 years and over. Nyxoid is not a substitute for emergency medical care.[1]

Mode of action: Naloxone, a semisynthetic morphine derivative (N allyl nor oxymorphone), is a specific opioid antagonist that acts competitively at opioid receptors. It displays very high affinity for the opioid receptor sites and therefore displaces opioid molecules from these sites. Naloxone has no agonist effects and in the absence of opioids, it exhibits essentially no pharmacologic activity.

Use of naloxone: Nyxoid provides an alternative route to the intravenous, intramuscular or subcutaneous injections that are well established for HCP use. There is growing experience in many European countries of the direct supply of naloxone to persons at risk of opioid overdose, and involvement of family & friends when close support is available, via take-home naloxone programmes (THN)[2, 3, 4] based on targeted training. Nyxoid provides a treatment option which can be used within local policies to treat this group of patients.

Pharmacokinetic data have shown that naloxone is sufficiently absorbed through the nasal mucosa to exert an antagonist effect upon opioids which have caused the symptoms of overdose.[5] The patient is expected to respond within 2-3 minutes of administration.[1]

Important information on the use of Nyxoid to be shared with the patients/carers. This information is also included in the Patient Information Card:

Recognising a suspected opioid overdose: If opioid overdose is suspected in a comatose patient, perhaps with injecting materials lying around, the carer should approach with care, check for response, check airways and breathing and check for signs of overdose.

Calling for help: The emergency services must always be called immediately before administering Nyxoid, even if the patient wakes up.

- As naloxone is a short-acting antagonist, its effect can wear off, especially if the patient has taken a long-acting opioid which outlasts the effect of naloxone
- Alternatively, the patient will need medical support if their symptoms have a non-opioid cause

Using Nyxoid correctly: Nyxoid is supplied in a ready-to-use spray to insert into the nostril.

- Once applied into the nose, the spray is activated by depressing the plunger, until it clicks
- The nasal spray should not be primed or tested before use or the dose will be lost. Whilst there are two sprays, correct use of the first spray, then the second one if needed, gives more chance for the patient to respond, until help arrives

Waiting with the Patient Until Emergency Medical Help Arrives: Nyxoid is not a substitute for emergency medical care or basic life support (such as CPR).

- If the carer waits with the patient they can put the patient into the recovery position, give a second naloxone dose if the patient does not respond to the first or goes back into respiratory depression, give CPR if trained to do so, and monitor patient for the risks of recurrence of respiratory depression or precipitation of opioid withdrawal effects; tell the arriving paramedics or ambulance crews what has happened

The possibility of recurrence of respiratory depression: This is a potentially life-threatening event. Two nasal sprays are included in the carton to extend length of naloxone effect prior to medical attention, but immediate calling of emergency medical services is important to sustain patient's recovery from opioids.

The possibility of precipitation of opioid withdrawal effects: In persons with physical dependence on opioids, naloxone can produce moderate to severe withdrawal symptoms which appear within minutes of administration and may subside after approximately two hours.

- The severity of the withdrawal symptoms is related to the dose of naloxone and the degree and type of opioid dependence. Some people may seem to act aggressively as they wake up

Quick reference:

1 Check for signs of overdose and breathing

2 Call an ambulance



3 Give Nyxoid as soon as possible



4 Put into recovery position



5 Monitor and give support
until the ambulance arrives

6 Give 2nd dose of Nyxoid
if no improvement after 2–3 minutes OR overdose symptoms come back



7 Take care for your personal safety:
watch for acute withdrawal symptoms

8 Dispose of used Nyxoid
and get a replacement

According to your local clinic or health care centre policy, you should also inform the patient or carer about the arrangements to obtain replacement packs if:

- The original Nyxoid pack exceeds its expiry date, or
- The patient has been treated with the original Nyxoid pack, is still at risk of overdose and thus needs a replacement

References: 1. Nyxoid Summary of Product Characteristics. 2. European Monitoring Centre for Drug Addiction, European Drug Report, 2017 3. Bird SM et al Effectiveness of Scotland's National Naloxone Programme for reducing opioid-related deaths: Addiction. 2016 May; 111(5): 883-91 4. Madah-Amiri D et al Rapid widespread distribution of intranasal naloxone for overdose prevention. Drug Alcohol Depend. 2017 Apr 1; 173: 17-23 5. Mundin G, et al Pharmacokinetics of concentrated naloxone nasal spray over first 30 minutes post-dosing. Addiction. 2017 Sep; 112(9): 1647-1652.

Please report suspected adverse drug reactions (ADRs) to the MHRA through the Yellow Card scheme, via the Yellow Card website www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard, the free Yellow Card app available in Apple App Store or Google Play Store. Alternatively you can call 0800 731 6789 for free, Monday to Friday between 9am and 5pm. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

If you require further information about Nyxoid please contact medicalinformationuk@napp.co.uk

Napp Pharmaceuticals Limited, Cambridge Science Park,
Milton Road, Cambridge CB4 0AB UK. Tel: 01223 424444

Date of preparation: 06.2026. Job code: GBL-S-NYX-2500027

NYXOID® NAPP